# 英语写作专题（定稿）

来源：网络 作者：青灯古佛 更新时间：2024-07-31

*第一篇：英语写作专题（定稿）1.目前你所在的城市的垃圾（rubbish）污染日益严重，危害着人类的身体健康。请你以张明的名义，就此问题向本市市长写一封信，向他提出合理化建议。词数100左右，开头已给出，不计入总词数。1． 可进行垃圾分类2...*

**第一篇：英语写作专题（定稿）**

1.目前你所在的城市的垃圾（rubbish）

污染日益严重，危害着人类的身体健康。

请你以张明的名义，就此问题向本市市

长写一封信，向他提出合理化建议。词

数100左右，开头已给出，不计入总词

数。

1． 可进行垃圾分类

2． 报纸，玻璃的再利用

3． 有害垃圾填埋

4． 废水处理

5． 立法

6． 加大宣传，增强环保意识

参考词汇：市长：mayor分类：sort处理：treat

Dear Mayor,I have found that the pollution in

our city is more and more serious.It is

very important to deal with the rubbish

in cities.Rubbish must be treated

properly.Otherwise it may cause a lot

of trouble.Here are my suggestions.First, we should take measures to

solve the problem.For example, some

rubbish can be sorted and sent to

different factories.Rubbish like

newspapers and glass will be treated

before it is poured into river.Second, to protect the environment, it

is necessary to pass laws to prevent

people from throwing rubbish

everywhere.Everyone has the duty to

fight against pollution.I hope my

advice will be helpful to you.Your

sincerely,Zhang

Ming

2.人物传记：请从下列人物中选择你最喜欢的一位，用英语写一篇100词左右的短文。要求根据所给信息作适当发挥，且需包括以下三部分内容：

1.对该人物的简单介绍；

2.喜欢该人物的理由。

3． 从该人物身上得到的启示。

Born in America, Thomas Edison was a

great scientist and inventor.He was once thought to be a boy who was not worth educating.In fact, he was a man full of imagination.I admire Edison a lot because of his great contribution to the world.He had more than 1,000 inventions.In his life time, he was always eager to know how things worked, which helped him to earn the nickname “the Wizard of Melo Park”.He was also so diligent that he worked day and night.And this explained why he had so many great inventions.What impresses me most is his famous saying, “Genius is one percent inspiration and ninety-nine percent perspiration.” Probably I cannot be an Edison myself, but I can be a hardworking learner.From him, I realize the secret to success is not when or where you were born, but what you are doing and how you do it in your life.3.学生是否该早读。

Students should get up early to study

Should students study by themselves in

the early morning? People have different ideas about this.Some hold the view that it is no good for students to get up so early because they will feel tired for lack of sleep.If so, they can’t focus their attention on what the teacher is saying in class.What’s more, being tired, they can’t study efficiently.But others argue that getting up early can strengthen students’ determination and will.If they don’t need to get up early to have a lesson, they will become lazy easily and it is no good for them to form the habit of studying.As far as I’m concerned, students should get up early to study because morning is the golden time for learning.So we should encourage students to form the good habit of self-study in the morning.Sample:

Recently, we had a discussion about surfing the internet.Students have different opinions.Most students think it costs a lot of money and it is a waste of time to surf the internet in the bar.They have found many students get online only to play computer games.There are even one or two students who are often absent from school for days to spend time on the internet.On the other hand, a few students think we can go online at home in our spare time because we can get the newest information both home and abroad through the internet.And it is a most convenient way for us to communicate with each other.In a word, the internet makes our lives outside class colorful.

**第二篇：英语写作万能（定稿）**

一、开头段句式

1.When it comes to the topic “…”some people hold that…, more others that the opposite is true.There is probably some truth in both statements, but in my view, …

当谈论到\_\_\_\_\_\_这个话题时候，人们各抒己见，有点人认为\_\_\_\_\_\_，更多的人主张其反面也是对的，双方的观点听起来好像都有道理，但依本人之所见，我认为\_\_\_\_\_\_。

2.Recently the issue of …is more foolish than … which is commonly held by A，Maybe we近来…已是社会上谈论的一个焦点问题，其实对这个问题，没有那个观点比A主张的观点…更愚蠢。现在，也许我们应该要换种角度来看待这个问题。

3.It is a traditional way to argue that…, but a close of this argument would 以前，人们一般认为……，但经仔细审视后发现这个观点后太站不住脚了。现在人们的观念恰恰完全相反了。

二、结尾段句型： come to the conclusion that….综上所述，我们可以合理得出一个不可动摇的结论，那就是\_\_\_\_\_\_。…

方方面面的证据引出了一个不可动摇的结论：…… …, if permitted to

我们应该马上采取措施来结束这种当前依然存在的不好局势，因为假如我们还听之任之而不管，那么造成的后果将不堪设想。

4.It is essential that effective should be taken to end the tendency.Maybe the solution to the problem, which involves various aspects, is beyond our ability for the moment.But, in my view, the awareness of the problem is bound to be the first step toward the solution.现在应该采取措施来终结这种趋势了。由于这个问题包含的方方面面太复杂了，我们还没有能力能够立刻解决它，但假如我们能够及时意识到这个问题的重要性，就一定能够朝正确的方向前进，问题的最终解决也是指日可待了。

5.No effective solution is at hand/ in sight to the problem, but this method undoubtedly has a far-reaching influence, for it at least symbolizes a sharp break with the conventional attitude toward this problem.More important, the general recognition of the significance of the problem might be the first step on the right way.目前我们手上还没有解决问题的办法，但这种方法其影响无疑意义深远，因为它代表了与传 统方法的决裂。更为重要的是，认识到这个问题的重要性才是解决问题的第一步。

三、中间段展开句型：

1.Why…which involves several complicated factors.For one thing, … for another…, perhaps what is mentioned above is only the surface/ inadequate explanations for a far more complex problem, in my view, maybe the more fundamental reason is …

为什么这么说呢？其实要找出真正的原因也许很困难，因为这个问题涉及到一些复杂因素。首先\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，其次\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，但上述理由只是复杂问题的表面解释，依我之所见，最为主要的原因还是\_\_\_\_\_\_。

2.…Whenself-evident.…… 当权衡其优劣势时，其结果显而易见，不证自明。

3.…Despite the B has, it has its compensating by…Such instance might be multiplied/ given indefinitely, but this will be sufficient to show that …

…尽管B具有以上缺点，但它的优点完全可以掩饰它的不足，一个很好的例子可以证明这一点：……，这种例子不胜枚举，但这足以表明……

4.…But is it all good? When it comes to the drawbacks, in fact, the advantages derived from A are often offset/ cancelled out by the disadvantages it entails…

…但是它什么都好吗？但我们谈及它的缺点时，事实上A的优点往往会被它的缺点抵消。…, we must …….But that is only part of the perhaps the most is…, and …

为了进一步更好了解为什么…，首先让我们着眼于……/让我们鸟览一下这个问题….., 但这只问题解释的一方面，也许最为重要的因素是……，与其密切相关的另一因素是…… 当然，与B相比，A的意义就不重要了，也就是说，B比A要重要。

7…Too…

……过于强调问题的一个方面有可能蒙蔽了问题的其他方面/造成其他问题。

8… Many solutions are being offered here, all of which make some sense to some extent, but none

这里列举了问题的许多解决办法，从某一角度来说都具有一定意义，但无一令人满意，这个问题还需进一步深入研究。

**第三篇：英语写作**

Part V Writing(10%)

Direction: Write a Notice according to the information you have been provided.(10 points)

根据所给提示,用英语写一个通知。

学生会要组织一次英语讲座。假如你是学生会干部,请你用英语写一则通知,通知时间为2024年6月12日，内容如下:

1.2.3.4.5.讲座题目:学习英语的重要性 演讲者:北京大学怀特教授(ProfessorWhite)讲座时间:6月15日, 星期五下午2:30-4:30 地点:学校体育馆 注意事项:散会后回教室就报告内容开展讨论,并制定出各自的英语学习计划。

Words for Reference: 体育馆 stadium学生会 students’ union

Part V Writing(10%)

Direction: Write a Notice according to the information you have been provided.(10 points)

假如你校学生会要举办一次英语演讲比赛，请你用英语写一篇书面通知，以便张贴到布告栏上。通知时间为2024年6月12日，通知须包括以下内容：

1.比赛目的：提高学生的英语口语水平

2.比赛时间：2024年6月15日下午4点

3.比赛地点：四楼阶梯教室

4.评比办法：由五位老师做评委其中包括Mr.Smith

5.奖项设置：一等奖1名，二等奖3名，三等奖5名

6.报名办法：到各班班长处报名

Words for Reference:学生会 students’ union阶梯教室 auditorium

比赛contest评委：judge一等奖 first prize

Part V Writing(10%)

Direction: Write a Letter of Appreciation according to the information you have been provided.(10 points)

假设你是李华，交换生Tracy刚刚结束在你们学校的学习生活，已经返回英国。作为班长，请你根据以下内容用英语写一分感谢信，感谢她一学期以来带给大家的美好回忆，写信时间为6月12日：

1.怀念与她相处的快乐时光；

2.感谢她对大家英语学习的帮助；

3.感谢她为班级捐赠的英文书籍；

4.欢迎她有机会再来中国。

Words for Reference: 回忆 memory捐赠 donate

Part V Writing(10%)

Direction: Write a Letter of Appreciation according to the information you have been provided.(10 points)

以李明的名义给Mr.Foster写一封信。写信日期是2024年6月12日。

内容：已收到他寄来的礼物（一件精美的雕塑），非常喜欢这礼物，把它们放在书架上正合适。得知他将来上海参加你的生日，十分高兴。请他将航班告诉你。你将去机场接他。注意：必须包括对收件人的称谓、写信日期、发信人的签名等基本格式。

Words for reference: 雕塑：sculpture 航班：flight number 书架:book shelf

Part V Writing(10%)

Direction: Write a Letter of Application according to the information you have been provided.(10 points)

你校英语外籍教师Boris和Chris暑假期间准备在本地开一家西餐小店，要找若干名大学生为打工人员。下面是招聘启事：

Wantedcollege students

Do service work and act as translators

Healthy and helpful

Small wages

Contact: bjpub@bc.com

假定你叫李华，愿意应聘。请写封电子邮件，介绍自己，并说明应聘理由。

Part V Writing(10%)

Direction: Write a Letter of Application according to the information you have been provided.(10 points)

假设你是李华，得知China Daily报社招聘兼职记者，你有意应聘，请按下列要求给报社写一封申请信。

1.表明自己感兴趣。

2.说明自己的优势：知识面、英语水平、人际关系、相关经历等。

3.希望得到回复。

Words for reference: 兼职：part-time job报社：agency记者： journalist

**第四篇：英语写作**

小学生英语自我简介常用句！

I\'m a(学校名字)primary school!My name is in class(几班)（几年级）.sometimes,I like swiming with my father,my favourite sports is baskerball,because it can keep health.I think I\'m very voluble and friendly!I want to make friends with everybody!thanks.我是一名\*\*\*小学的学生！我的名字叫\*\*\*，我在\*年级\*班。有时候，我喜欢和我爸爸一起游泳，我最喜欢的运动是篮球（可以自己改变）因为它能使我保持健康。我认为我很健谈并且很友好！我想和这里的每个人交朋友！谢谢。

小学生英语自我简介双语范文

（一）hello, everyone, it\'s my honor to stand here introducing myself.大家好，很高兴有机会在这里介绍我自己。

My name is xxx, from Class 2, Grade six,xxxx Primary School.我是xxx，xx小学六年级2班的学生。

I\'m doing well in my study, besides I\'m the monitor of my class and I get on well with my classmates.我学习成绩优秀，是班上的班长并且我和同学们相处很融洽。

I\'m a happy and talented girl.I\'m good at drawing and many of my drawings have won prizes.At the same time, I like telling stories.我是一个开朗又多才多艺的女孩，画画是我最擅长的，曾多次或奖。同时我还很会讲故事。

I\'m interested in learning English very much, and I believe that I will do well in future.I won\'t let you down!

我很喜欢学习英语，我相信我会表现的出色，我不会让大家失望的。Thanks for your listening.谢谢你们的聆听。

暑假期间我经常去看望我的爷爷奶奶，他们都已经70岁了，住在乡下。夏天的乡下非常漂亮，我可以在那里做很多有趣的事情。我习惯一大清早起床，呼吸新鲜空气，聆听鸟儿欢唱，欣赏绿树红花和门前的小河。我还喜欢跟伙伴们一起钓鱼。夜幕降临时，我就坐在树下，听奶奶讲动听的故事。我也会给她讲一些城里的新鲜事。每次该回城时，我总是恋恋不舍。我确实喜欢乡下的生活。

I often go to see my grandma and grandpa during my summer vacation.They are both seventy years old and live in the country happily.Summer view of the countryside is very beautiful.i can do many interesting things there.I am used to getting up early in the morning, breathing the fresh air,listening to the birds singing, and enjoying the green trees, red flowers and the river.i like fishing with my friends.When night comes, i sit under the tree with my grandma, listening to her telling me many funny stories.and i tell her some new things happening in the city.when I have to go back,I am always reluctant to go.i really feel happy living in the country.给你10 篇：自己组装一下吧~

1.I went shopping with Li Mei.We left at 10 o\'clock in the morning.When we got to the downtown, there were so many people.It was so

crowded as it was a beautiful day and it was Sunday.I didn\'t buy anything because everything was very expensive.2.I didn\'t go anywhere today.I stayed at home doing my homework and helping my mother with housework.I realised it was not easy to do so much housework all by oneself.I should help mother more in the future.3.I read an article today.It was about how people should try their best to save water.Water is very important for human being but some people are just wasting water.They don\'t turn off the tap after they finish using it.We should do better to save water.4.My father took me out fishing today.At the beginning, we spent a long time waiting there but there was no fish.I was very impatient and didn\'t want to stay there.I wanted to come home.Father said to me, “Don\'t give up everything easily.We should keep on trying hard”.5.I went to the People\'s Park with my family today.We had picnic in the park.My mother and grandparents were preparing food, father was playing badminton with his friend while I was reading under a tree.6.Mingming came to my house today.We spent some time playing computer games.We played basketball game online.I chose NBA and Mingming had to take CBA.Of course, I won finally.We had a good time.7.I went to visit one of our teachers with some of my classmates this morning.Miss Jones is our English teacher and she likes all the classmates.She tried so hard to help us to improve our English.We went to her flat and had lunch there with her.We had a good time.8.I went to see a film in the cinema this evening.It was called Kong Fu

Panda.I love this film.It is funny but I also learned something from the film.We should not give up things easily.We should have a good plan and make up our mind to make our dream come true.9.Xiaomei and I went out this morning.We went to the city centre.We went window shopping, and then we had lunch at the restaurant.We didn\'t buy anything as we didn\'t have much money, but we still had a wonderful time.10.Holiday nearly comes to the ead now.I am very happy because I have already finished my homework.I also helped my mother with some

housework this summer holiday.I believe I have grown up now and should know what I should be in the future.I will try harder to study well and be a good person.翻译如下：

1.我跟李梅去逛街。我们早上10点出发。当我们到闹市区时，好多人啊。因为今天是星期天，天气又很好。我没有买什么东西，因为太贵了。

2.我今天哪里也没有去。在家帮妈妈做家务。我认识到，一个人做家务不容易。以后我要多帮妈妈的忙。

3.我今天读了一篇文章，是关于人们应该尽量节约用说的。水对人类太重要了。可是有些人却只是在浪费水。他们用完水不管龙头。我们应该做的更好来节约用说。

4.我父亲今天带我去钓鱼。一开始，我们花了好长时间都没有鱼。我很不耐烦，不想等了，想回家。爸爸对我说，做什么事情都不要轻易放弃。我们应该继续努力。

5.今天我跟家人去公园。我们在公园野餐。我妈妈和爷爷奶奶准备吃的。爸爸跟朋友在打羽毛球，我在树下看书。

6.明明今天来我家。我们一起玩电脑游戏。我们打在线篮球游戏。我选NBA 球队，明明只能选CBA球队。当然，我赢了。我们玩的很开心。

7.今天早上我跟同学去看了我们老师。Jones小姐是我们的英语来时。她对每个学生都很好。他花了很大力来帮我们提供我们的英语。我们去了她的公寓，一起吃了午餐。我们过的很开心I

8.今天晚上我去电影院看了电影。影片教《功夫熊猫》。我喜欢这部电影。很有趣可我也学到了一些东西。我们不应该轻易放弃。我们应该做个好计划，下定决心，实现梦想。

9.今天上午我和小梅出去了。我们去了市中心。我们去逛街然后到餐馆吃饭。我们没有没东西，因为我们没有多少钱，可是我们过的很开心。

10.假期很快过去了。我很开心因为我已经做完作业了。我还帮妈妈所了家务。我想我已经长大了，应该长大将来要做什么。我要更努力学习，将来做个好人。

**第五篇：英语写作**

1.英语文章段落结构特点

英语文章段落结构一般有三部分构成：主题句+扩展句+结尾句

(1)主题句：所谓主题句，就是英语文章段落的中心思想句。它是英语文章段落的灵魂，在英语文章段落中居于主导地位。我们都知道英语文章一般喜欢开门见山，所以主题句一般位于英语文章段落的句首。其他句子都要围绕它而展开。

(2)扩展句：所谓扩展句就是为主题句起解释说明或论证的句子。通常我们写扩展句所采用的方法是举例子(for example, for instance, such as, a case in point is that---)、列数据(according to the recent study/survey,---)等。

(3)结尾句：所谓结尾句就是总结句。英语写作也类似于汉语写作，最后再把自己本段落的写作目的陈述一下。但是在英语写作中结尾句毕竟还是少数。因此我们通常看到英语的文章段落结构 60%-70%都是由主题句+扩展句构成。

学会遣词造句

1.遣词：

(1)词汇等级

所谓词汇的等级就是，我们在写作的过程中，如果想出一个基本词汇来之后，能够在这个基本词汇的基础上把它在提升一下，也就是我们一般写作所提倡的用“难词”。比如，我们一提到“重要的”，大多数同学首先会想到“important”这个单词，那么提升一下的话就可以想到它的如下同义词：significant, vital, main, basilica, crucial, momentous etc

(2)词汇准确性

所谓词汇的准确性是指，我们在有一个词近而想到它的同义词之后，要结合语境选择恰当的用词。在这里必须指明的是，并不是词汇等级越高越好，必须还要考虑到适合于不同的语境。比如，眼睛大，这个“大的”形容词，我们首先会想到big,近而想到great, large, huge, vast, titanic, enormous etc。那么是不是用后面的词就可以了呢?或者说用上enormous等词更能博得阅卷人的好感呢?答案是否定的。在这里很明显用后面的词来修饰眼睛是不可以，只能用big，因为我们听过一首英文歌曲叫做“I am a big big girl, in a big big world.”big表示眼睛大而迷人可爱的。

造句：

(1)词组

很多考生平时写作不太擅长用词组，对于他们而言最习惯的就是想到汉语，然后对应汉语思维写出英语句子，这种写作只能是单词的罗列组合，谈不上什么技巧文采可言，因此，写出来的文章必然就是所谓平淡如流水，没有英语的味道。如果我们能够在单词的基础上，进一步想到与之同义的词组，那么文章就会显得与众不同，更具有英语的味道。比如上面所说的“重要的”这个单词，当我们想到important的时候，如果从语法角度再稍加考虑一下，我们会想到“be of importance”。因为，语法中规定：形容词等于of加这个形容词的名词形式。如果再提升一步，我们还学过一个常用的词组叫做“play an important role in---”。很多同学说自己的文章凑不够字数或是没有文采，那么采用词组进行写作是不是就可以解决以上问题了呢?

(2)句式

除了采用词组，要使文章更具英语的味道，我们还需要变换句式。没有受过

正规作文训练的考生，通常采用的句式多为主谓宾、主系表。于是我们看到大多数的文章充斥着这样的形式：I am a good boy, and I am a student.I study in Shandong University, and I have three years experience in Qilu Hotel.这样流水帐式的文章显然不能得到高分。

写作中阅卷人喜欢的句式有以下两种：一是插入语;二是倒装。

第一，插入语。

所谓插入语，英语中有两种形式。一种是有两个逗号之间引起的成分称之为插入语;第二种是有两个半破折号引起的成分称之为插入语。如下所示(黑体划线处)：

Jinan, the Spring City, is a famous tourist city.Other people may give us instrumental support—financial aid,material resources, and needed services—that reduces stress by helping us resolve and cope with our problems.插入语的作用主要有两个，一个是突出主语，比如说：He, who would like to play basketball, is a good student.第二个作用是解释说明，比如说：People, especially students, should work hard.第二，倒装

倒装是我们写作中需要用到的。虽然略显俗套，但是却是很能满足阅卷人的主观感受的。常用的倒装形式有以下几种：

Only + 时间状语

Only when all of us join in the efforts of eliminating cheating at all levels can we expect to have a cleaner society and a more beautiful future.Only + 介词词组

Only by planning his time care fully can he improve efficiency and make achievements.Only in this way can we master the writing skills step by steps.否定词位于句首(hardly when;never;not only---,but also---;seldom)在我一生当中很难遇到这样的人

Seldom in my life have I met such a kind-hearted man.地点方位名词位于句首

In no other place in the world can one find such enthusiasm for applying for hosting the 2024 Olympic Games.(3)修辞

无论是汉语写作还是英语写作，修辞其实非常的重要。它是作者写作功底具体事例地展现。所谓修辞包括比喻、拟人、排比等等。英语写作中的修辞问题我已经专门写过一篇文章(见《英语写作几种修辞手法》)。这里仅举一个比喻例子，还是拿“重要的”来举例。当你用完词组之后，如果你用上下面比如句子，则文章就会显得神采飞扬，试比较：

The bicycle is important for us.The bicycle is of importance for us.The bicycle plays an important role in our life.The bicycle, environmental friendliness vehicle, plays an important

role in our life.The bicycle is like the air, water, and sunshine and cannot be parted with a moment in our life.那么很明显，最后一个句子是我们最终拿到考场上去搏击高分的句子。第四，平时要注意积累

很多考生为了写好作文也作了好多工作，课下也付出了很多，包括背诵大量的文章等等，但是提笔写作时候，仍不见的有所改观。问题在哪里呢?高频词汇你就不需要了，其实就是四级的单词...你觉得比较记住的就用用.....加油!

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